

**Контрольная работа по разделу 1**  
**Контрольная работа № 1**  
**Вариант 1**

**Задание 1. Составь мини диалог**

**Прочитай фразы. Подбери к каждой фразе подходящую ответную реплику.**

Hi Jeanne! How are you?

- (1)
- I'm also well, thanks! How's the weather in Kerch today?
- (2)
- You know, as usual. It's quite cloudy and chilly.
- (3)
- How is winter in Kerch?
- (4)

- (a) - I'm fine, thank you! And how are you?
- (b) - It's a fine weather, but it's a bit rainy. How about Yalta? Is the weather good there?
- (c) - Yes, winter in Yalta is nice.
- (d) - Well, it is nice, of course. It can also rain sometimes or be cloudy, but in general it's warm and sunny.

**Задание 2. Составь предложения из предложенных слов.**

working day, my, at 7 o'clock, begins  
sandwiches, she, for breakfast, has  
go, I, the supermarket, every, to, day

**Задание 3. Подбери к слову перевод.**

- 1. unique a) смысленный
- 2. smart b) неповторимый
- 3. talented c) упрямый
- 4. stubborn d) талантливый

**Задание 4. Переведи русские слова и на английский язык.**

- 1. My mother's brother is my \_\_\_\_\_ (дядя)
- 2. My uncle's daughter is my \_\_\_\_\_ (двоюр.сестра)
- 3. My aunt is my cousin's \_\_\_\_\_ (мама)

**Задание 5. Выпишите из текста 6 глаголов в прошедшем времени.**

**ENGLISH POST-OFFICE**

Jane and John lived in an old house in an English village. John worked at home. The village post-office was in one room in their house and John worked there. The people in the village bought stamps, envelopes and newspapers in Jane and John's house. The red postbox was on the front door. John and Jane were very happy in their house and they liked it very much.

**Задание 6. Подбери к слову его описание.**

- (a) You use a wardrobe to...
- 1) wash dishes.
- 2) keep food.
- 3) keep jackets, sweaters, ect.
- 4) sit on it.

**Задание 7. Прочитайте текст, ответьте на вопросы. Используйте краткие ответы.**

**Winter**

Winter is a nice season. Some people like summer or autumn, but others like winter. December, January and February are winter months. But in some places winter begins in November and ends in March or April. The nights in winter are very long, and it is dark when we get up in the morning. The days are short.

The ground, the fields and the trees are white with snow. Sometimes it is very cold, and people put on their warm clothes when they go out. A lot of icicles all glittering in the sun hang from

roofs of houses. Everything seems to be covered into a white blanket. Rivers and lakes are covered with a thick ice and you can skate on them.

Winter is a jolly time for children. They make snowmen and play snowballs. When the weather is fine children and grown-ups go skiing, skating or sliding down the snow covered hills.

It is also a season of loud celebrations, as there are many holidays during winter days. We celebrate Christmas and New Year and these are my favourite holidays of the year. As you see there are many reasons for me to like this season.

Вопросы:

1. Are the nights long or short in winter??
2. What do children do when the weather is fine?
3. What holidays do we celebrate in winter?

### Контрольная работа № 1

#### ВАРИАНТ 2

**Задание 1. Составь мини диалог**

**Прочитай фразы. Подбери к каждой фразе подходящую ответную реплику. - Hi.**

- (1)
- How's the weather there today?
- (2)
- What's the temperature?
- (3)
- Do you know what will the weather be like tomorrow?
- (4)
- I really don't like the winter. I wish it were summer.

(a) -It's really cold. It snows all day and the schools closed early.

(b) -Hi.

(c) -I was watching the news a little earlier. They said it will snow tomorrow.

(d) -It's 2 degrees now. It was even colder this morning.

**Задание 2. Составь предложения из предложенных слов.**

1. gets, at, she, 6 o'clock, up
2. has, he, usually, for lunch, pizza
3. my homework, do, I, the evening, in

**Задание 3. Подбери к слову перевод.**

1. tactful a) застенчивый
2. shy b) чувствительный
3. sensitive c) тактичный
4. cheerful d) веселый

**Задание 4. Переведи русские слова на английский язык.**

1. My mother is my cousin's \_\_\_\_\_ (тётя)
2. My father's mother is my \_\_\_\_\_ (бабушка)
3. My uncle is my mother's or father's \_\_\_\_\_ (брат)

**Задание 5. Выпишите из текста 6 глаголов в прошедшем времени.**

ELLEN PEEL

Ellen Peel was over nineteen years old. Her father died in 1915 and her mother died in 1916.

Ellen started her first work in a rich family in London. She got up at 6 o'clock in the morning and cleaned the rooms. At 7 o'clock she had breakfast. She got only twenty pounds for her job. In 1921 she went to another family and became a baby-sitter. There were four children in the family and Ellen loved them. She lived in the family for twenty years.

Ellen Peel looked after the people's children till she was seventy years old.

**Задание 6 . Подбери к слову его описание.**

(a) You use a fridge to....

- 1) cook dinner.
- 2) keep food cold or frozen.
- 3) water flowers.
- 4) keep clothes in it.

**Задание 7. Прочитайте текст, ответьте на вопросы. Используйте краткие ответы.**

### **Autumn**

Autumn comes after summer. There are three autumn months: September, October and November. The days become shorter and the nights become longer. The sun rays are not so warm and bright. The fruit trees are heavy with juicy apples and pears. Harvest time is a rush season for farmers. They gather sunflowers, potatoes, cabbage and other vegetables. Early autumn is the period of flaming colours, when the landscape is gold and brown. In the daytime the silver gossamer is flying in the air. It is the sign of the "Indian summer". But it is very short and then comes deep autumn. It becomes colder. The trees are losing their leaves. The ground is like a carpet of many colours. It gets dark earlier and heavy clouds bring rain. Birds don't sing. They begin to leave for warm countries. November is a month of fog, rain and snow. Nature slowly falls asleep for winter.

Вопросы:

1. What do farmers gather?
2. What is the sign of the "Indian summer"?
3. What do heavy clouds bring?

## **Контрольная работа по разделу 2**

**Выберите верный вариант ответа:**

We (not/book) the tickets in advance.  
not book b) won't book c) shan't book

Do you think it (rain)?  
rained b) will be rain c) will rain

I went ... the room  
in b) into c) by d) with

We sat down ... a bench

In b) on c) into d) from

Winter is warm here. It \_\_\_\_\_ very seldom. But sometimes it \_\_\_\_\_.  
rain, snows b) snows, rains c) snow, rain d) rains, snow

Helen is on a diet. She \_\_\_\_\_ very little.  
doesn't eat b) eats c) ate

Helen usually (prefer) tea to coffee.  
preferred b) preffered c) prefers

When you (write) to your parents last time?

When do you writed b) When did you write c) When did you wrote

He \_\_\_\_\_ in a hurry.  
is b) be c) doesn't be

The exams at school \_\_\_\_\_ in June.  
have b) start c) starts

I \_\_\_\_\_ what you said.  
am thinking about b) am thinking c) think about  
think

Look! John and Max \_\_\_\_\_ into the house at the moment.  
come b) are coming c) have come

We \_\_\_\_\_ the birds.  
being feed b) were feeding c) feeding

Переведите предложения на русский язык:

It's really some good news  
It is necessary to send it urgently

**Выберите верный вариант ответа:**

My parents \_\_\_\_\_ at a restaurant.

a) not were eating b) were not eating

I (work) for my exam on Philosophy all day tomorrow.

a) have been working b) works c) am working d) will be working

"... you (see) Alex tomorrow?" – "Of course I will. I (see) him at the meeting."

a) Do you see, see b) Would you see, 'd see c) Will you be seeing, will be seeing

Now my brother smokes a lot, but he (not/ smoke) before.

a) hadn't smoked b) didn't smoke c) not smoked

The Frasers live in four-room apartment, but last year they (live) in a small house in the country.

were living b) did live c) lived

I (get) to the market myself last time, but now I don't remember how to get there.

getted

goted

got

How you (cut) your finger?

How you cutted

How did you cut

James and Phil \_\_\_\_\_ a tree house.

was building

building

were building

The birds \_\_\_\_\_ in the tree.

sat

were sitting

being sit

I ... too fast. That is why I am so tired.

have walked

have been walking

He ... his car. That is why his hands are so dirty.

has greased

has been greasing

He showed us the place where \_\_\_\_\_ his leg.

he hurt

he have hurted

he had hurt

What \_\_\_\_\_ you opened the window?

have you said before

had you said before

Переведите предложения на русский язык:

She was brought up in a poor family.

She went on painting the fence even after it started raining.

**Контрольная работа по разделу 3,4**

**Выберите верный вариант ответа:**

I (see) Tom on Tuesday. That's when we usually meet.

saw b) will see c) will be seeing d) have seen

I (not/do) it before dinner.

not do b) 'll not do c) not shall do

Becky studied \_\_\_ a boarding school.  
 with b) into c) at d) on  
 Elvis Presley was born \_\_\_ 8th January, 1935.  
 in b) on c) at d) to  
 The child \_\_\_\_\_ to school every day.  
 will goes b) go c) goes  
 His father \_\_\_\_\_ him there in his car.  
 a) take b) takes c) taken b) carries  
 We (not/have) a holiday last year.  
 didn't have b) haven't had c) haven't had  
 When Jill (finish) school?  
 When did Jill finished b) When was Jill finish c) When did Jill finish  
 The secretary \_\_\_\_\_ the phone calls, sometimes she \_\_\_\_\_ visitors around the factory. a)  
 answer, show b) don't answer, shows c) answers, shows  
 She \_\_\_\_\_ her job. She \_\_\_\_\_ to be a secretary.  
 a) isn't liked, wants b) doesn't like, wants c) don't like, want  
 What time \_\_\_\_\_ for dinner tonight?  
 is Nick and Rosa coming b) Nick and Rosa are coming c) do Nick and Rosa come d) are  
 Nick and Rosa coming  
 I \_\_\_\_\_ in the car now.  
 am waiting b) wait c) is waiting  
 The dog \_\_\_\_\_.  
 was barking b) bark c) were barking

**Переведите предложения на русский язык:**

It's time to work again

It's a good time for swimming in this region

\_\_\_\_\_ his head aching?

a) was b) were

This time tomorrow they (sit) in the train on their way to Chicago.

a) will sit b) will be sitting c) are sitting

Don't phone Jim from 5 to 6 – he (have) English.

a) had b) is having c) will be having d) has

I am sure you \_\_\_\_\_ my letter of resignation by now.  
 receive

will be receiving

will have received

There isn't a cloud in the sky, but it (be) cloudy in the morning.

a) is b) was c) were

Helen often \_\_\_\_\_ meetings for her boss and other managers of the company.  
 don't arrange

arrange

arranges

They \_\_\_\_\_ to going to bed late at night.

are not accustomed

don't accustomed

accustom

Nelly \_\_\_\_\_ TV three times a week.

likes

don't watch

watches

\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ where your brother \_\_\_\_\_ ?

Do ... know, is

Do ... know, was

Are ... know, is

Next Friday, the President (celebrate) ten years in power.

celebrates

will celebrate

will be celebrated

will be celebrating

The plane (travel) at twice the speed of sound when it passes overhead.

will be traveling

travels

will travel

is traveling

She ... all the horses in this stable.

has ridden

has been riding

He ... on every bed in this room and he does not like any of them.

has slept

has been sleeping

**Переведите предложения на русский язык:**

Giving up smoking was his best decision ever.

I look forward to hearing from you soon.

### **Контрольная работа по разделу 5-6**

**Задание 1. Выберите правильный вариант ответа в прошедшем времени. Choose the correct variant in Past Simple:**

1. There isn't a cloud in the sky, but it (be) cloudy in the morning.

a) is b) was c) were

2. Mrs. Clay usually finishes her work at half past three, but she (finish) it later yesterday afternoon.

a) finish b) finishes c) finished

3. Every day I help my Mom about the house, but last week I was very busy with my exam. So I (not/help) her much.

a) not helped b) didn't helped c) didn't help

4. Tom isn't playing tennis tomorrow afternoon, he (not/play) tennis yesterday.

a) doesn't play b) didn't play c) didn't played

5. We generally have lunch at 12.30, but yesterday we (have lunch) later.

a) had lunch b) have lunched c) had had lunch

6. Now my brother smokes a lot, but he (not/ smoke) before.

a) hadn't smoked b) didn't smoke c) not smoked

7. The Frasers live in four-room apartment, but last year they (live) in a small house in the country.

a) were living b) did live c) lived

8. I (get) to the market myself last time, but now I don't remember how to get there.

a) getted b) goted c) got

9. How you (cut) your finger?

a) How have you cut b) How you cutted c) How did you cut

10. Jack (try) to remember what he had done last April.

a) was tried b) tried c) tried

**Задание 2. Используйте слова в скобках для образования предложений в Future Simple (в утвердительной, вопросительной или отрицательной форме).**

- 1) They \_\_\_\_\_ football at the institute. (to play)
- 2) She \_\_\_\_\_ emails. (not / to write)
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ English? (to speak)
- 4) My mother \_\_\_\_\_ fish. (not / to like)
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ Ann \_\_\_\_\_ any friends? (to have)
- 6) His brother \_\_\_\_\_ in an office. (to work)
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ the flowers every 3 days? (to water)
- 8) His wife \_\_\_\_\_ a motorbike. (not / to ride)
- 9) \_\_\_\_\_ Elizabeth \_\_\_\_\_ coffee? (to drink)

**Задание 3. Поставьте глагол в скобках в нужном времени.**

1. I (see) you next week? I'd like to know something.
2. Children ( to like) to play with sand.
3. My friends (not to do) their homework now. They (to play) volley-ball.
4. Yesterday John (to get up), (to clean) his teeth but (not, to have) breakfast in the morning.
5. Jane (not to do) English exercises every day.
6. ... you (to buy) a new car last week?
7. My sister ( to graduate) from the University next year.
8. You (to eat) ice-cream now?
9. Her husband usually (to go) to his office by bus. He (to come) to the office at 9.30 am tomorrow.
10. Nowadays my brother (to smoke) a lot, but he (not/ smoke) before.
11. Why she (to cry) now?

**Задание 4. Выберите правильный ответ:**

1. He sometimes (to play, play, plays) the violin.
2. What time do you usually have (the, a, -) dinner?
3. There is (a, the,-) message for you on the answering machine.
4. Do you have (some, any, a) children?
5. She (maked, made, makes ) a cup of tea as I was cold.
6. St. Valentine's day is celebrated in many European countries (on, in, at) 14th February.
7. She (has, have, is) beautiful blue eyes.
8. Unfortunately, my wife can't (cooking, cook, to cook) at all.
9. They like (listen to, listening to, listening) modern jazz music.
10. This ring is (more expensive, best, more nice) than the one you gave me for my birthday.

**Задание 5. Используйте правильное местоимение:**

1. Mr. and Mrs. Brown have two children. Both ...children are boys.
  2. I want to read this article. Give ... the newspaper.
  3. Miss Smith is a teacher. ...students are German.
  4. Look at your shoes. ... are dirty.
  5. We are French. ...friends are English.
  6. I love Mary. ... is my best friend.
  7. You are in Moscow, but ...family is in London.
- II. Fill in the correct article if it is necessary.
1. "Is this your ... pen?" — "No, it isn't my ... pen".
  2. I have ... brother. My ... brother is ... doctor. My brother's ... wife is ... teacher.
  3. I live in ... small town. ... town is quite.
  4. ...sun is so bright today.
  5. Please open ... door.
  6. Do you like ... vegetables?

**1. Прочитайте текст. Письменно переведите. Пользуйтесь приведенными ниже фразами для составления ответа.**

My family is not very large. We have five people in our family. I live with my parents, my younger sister and my grandmother. My father's name is Vladimir Ivanovich. He is forty years old. He is a doctor and he works at a hospital. My mother's name is Lyudmila Leonidovna. She is thirty-nine years old. She is a housewife. My younger sister Natasha is a pupil. She is in the seventh form. My grandmother lives with us. She doesn't work. She is a pensioner. I love my family. We are all friends and we love each other.

We live in a big flat in a new house. There are four rooms in our flat: a living room, a study, two bedrooms, a kitchen, and a bathroom. We have all modern conveniences: gas, hot water, running water, electricity and telephone.

**This extract tells about...**

**The author of the texts tells about ...**

**2. Письменно ответьте на вопросы:**

- What kind of books do you read?
- Do you like walking?
- Do you study at the weekend?
- What do you usually do at the weekend?
- Which games do you play?

**3. Прочитайте и переведите текст.**

**London – the Capital of Great Britain.**

London is the capital of Great Britain. It is situated on the river Thames. It is a large industrial, political and cultural centre. It is the largest city in Europe and one of the largest cities in the world. Its population is more than 9 million people.

The city is very old. Its history goes back to Roman times: it is more than 20 centuries old.

Traditionally it is divided into several parts: the City, the West End, the East End, Westminster. The parts are very different from each other.

The City is the oldest part of London, where nobody lives. It is the financial, commercial and business centre. Numerous banks, offices and firms are concentrated there. Every morning over a million people come to work there.

Westminster is the aristocratic official part of London. There are Buckingham Palace where the Queen lives and the Houses of Parliament along the north bank of the Thames.

The West End is the district of the rich. In the West End there are many famous museums, and theatres, palaces and parks. It is the richest and most beautiful part of the capital. Every day a lot of tourists from different countries of the world visit the West End and its places of interest.

The East End is the industrial centre of London. It is the district of factories, docks and the working people. The port of London is also in the East End. The district is densely populated by working class families.

London is not only a large city but also a seaport. Great ocean-going ships bring various goods to London from countries thousands of miles away from the UK.

There are very many places of interest in London: the Houses of Parliament, the Tower, the British Museum, Saint Paul's Cathedral, Westminster Abbey, Buckingham Palace, Trafalgar Square, Picadilly Circus and many others.

**4. Ответьте на вопросы по содержанию текста:**

- Where is London situated?
- Is London an old or a new city? How old is London?
- How many parts is London divided into?

- Which part of London is the oldest?
- How many people come to work to the City every morning?
- What district of London does the Queen live in?

**Перечень вопросов к дифференцированному зачету (2 семестр).**

1. Определенный, неопределенный, нулевой артикли;
2. Степени сравнения прилагательных и наречий,
3. Исчисляемые и неисчисляемые существительные,
4. Множественное число существительных;
5. Притяжательный падеж существительных;
6. Личные, неопределенные местоимения;
7. Степени сравнения прилагательных;
8. Все видовременные формы глагола;
9. Склонение глагола to be во всех временных формах;
10. Модальные глаголы для выражения обязанности и возможности;
11. Основные типы вопросов;
12. Косвенная и прямая речь;
13. Герундий;
14. Страдательный залог;
15. Сложные предложения;
16. Фразовые глаголы;
17. Согласования времен.





